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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/072,635	02/05/2002	Densen Cao	5061.9 P	, 6321
75	90 05/05/2004		EXAMINER	
Parsons, Behle & Latimer			LEWIS, RALPH A	
Suite 1800				
201 South Main Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 45898			3732	111
Salt Lake City, UT 84145-0898			DATE MAILED: 05/05/200	4 17

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	.pplicant(s)	—— <i>j</i>			
	10/072,635	CAO, DENSEN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ralph A. Lewis	3732				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover she	et with the correspondence add	Iress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, m y within the statutory minimum will apply and will expire SIX (6) e, cause the application to become	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this continued to the continued that th	mmunication.			
Status						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowa						
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected or about of the drawing of th	peyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). wing(s) is objected to. See 37 CF				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received ts have been received prity documents have to the trail of the trail of th	. in Application No been received in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Pape ) 5) Notice	view Summary (PTO-413) or No(s)/Mail Datee of Informal Patent Application (PTC r:	)-152)			

Art Unit: 3732

## Rejections based on Prior Art

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mills (WO 99/16136) in view of Doiron et al (5,698,866).

Mills discloses a dental curing light (page 1, second paragraph) comprised of a hand held wand (Figure 5) having a light module 47, an elongated heat sink 45, 50, 51, having a distal end surface serving as a mounting platform on which primary heat sink 48 is mounted and light emitting semiconductors 43 mounted to the primary heat sink 48. In Mills the LEDs are mounted directly on a flat heat sink 48. Doiron et al, however, teach that an improvement over mounting diodes on a flat surface (Figures 9 and 10) is mounting them in a well (Figures 11 and 12) formed on the heat sink so that more light from the LEDs is reflected forward in the desired direction. To have mounted the Mills LEDs in wells as taught by Doiron et al so that more light is reflected forward in the desired direction would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. In regard to the particular size ratios claimed between the length of the wand and the length of the secondary heat sink, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found the claimed values to all fall within a range one would expect in constructing Mills device.

Application/Control Number: 10/072,635 Page 3

Art Unit: 3732

Claims 10-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mills (WO 99/16136).

Mills discloses a dental curing light (page 1, second paragraph) comprised of a hand held wand (Figure 5) having a light module 47, an elongated heat sink 45, 50, 51, having a distal end surface serving as a mounting platform on which primary heat sink 48 is mounted and light emitting semiconductors 43 mounted to the primary heat sink 48. In regard to the plurality of epitaxial layers limitation, the limitation appears to be common and conventional in the construction of light emitting semiconductor chips.

The use of conventional light emitting chips in the Mills device would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. In regard to the particular size ratios claimed between the length of the wand and the length of the secondary heat sink, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found the claimed values to all fall within a range one would expect in constructing Mills device.

## Response to Applicant's Remarks

In response to the rejections of record based on Mills (WO 99/16136) and Doiron et al (US 5,698,866) applicant filed a declaration asserting commercial success of the claimed invention and argues that it is sufficient in overcoming a prima facie obviousness rejection. Applicant's declaration asserts that the commercial success of the invention is at least in part due to an improved performance of the device over



Application/Control Number: 10/072,635

Art Unit: 3732

competitors. The improved performance including a "complete cure" and "heat management."

The examiner has carefully considered applicant's declaration and is impressed by applicant's success, however, is not persuaded that a sufficient showing has been made to overcome the rejections based on 35 U.S.C. 103. Applicant indicates that "laboratory testing and reports from dentists indicate that the invented light dental curing light is more desirable than prior art dental curing lights for at least two important reasons," yet fails to provide for any evidence or statistics to back up this statement that these are the two reasons for the commercial success. The examiner is looking for a factual basis rather than a conclusive statement/opinion. Secondly, applicant's declaration of commercial success apparently is only in reference to prior art that applicant has found to be commercially available. Mills et al has been cited as a prior art teaching of the use of an elongated secondary heat sink that extends the length of the handle. It is unclear how this prior art elongated heat sink technology becomes patentable to applicant simply because Mills et al have yet to market their designed dental curing light.

### **Action Made Final**

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

Art Unit: 3732

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

### Prior Art

Melikechi et al (6,511,317), Otsuka (6,638,063), Decaudin et al (6,692,250), Logan et al (6,692,251), Plank (6,695,614), and Fischer et al (6,702,576) are made of record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to **Ralph Lewis** at telephone number **(703) 308-0770**. Fax **(703)** 872-9306. The examiner works a compressed work schedule and is unavailable every other Friday. The examiner's supervisor, Kevin Shaver, can be reached at **(703)** 308-2582.

R.Lewis May 2, 2004

Primary Examiner